

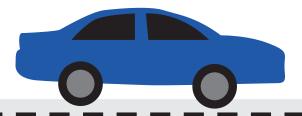
# Autism and Developmental Disabilities Transition Road Map



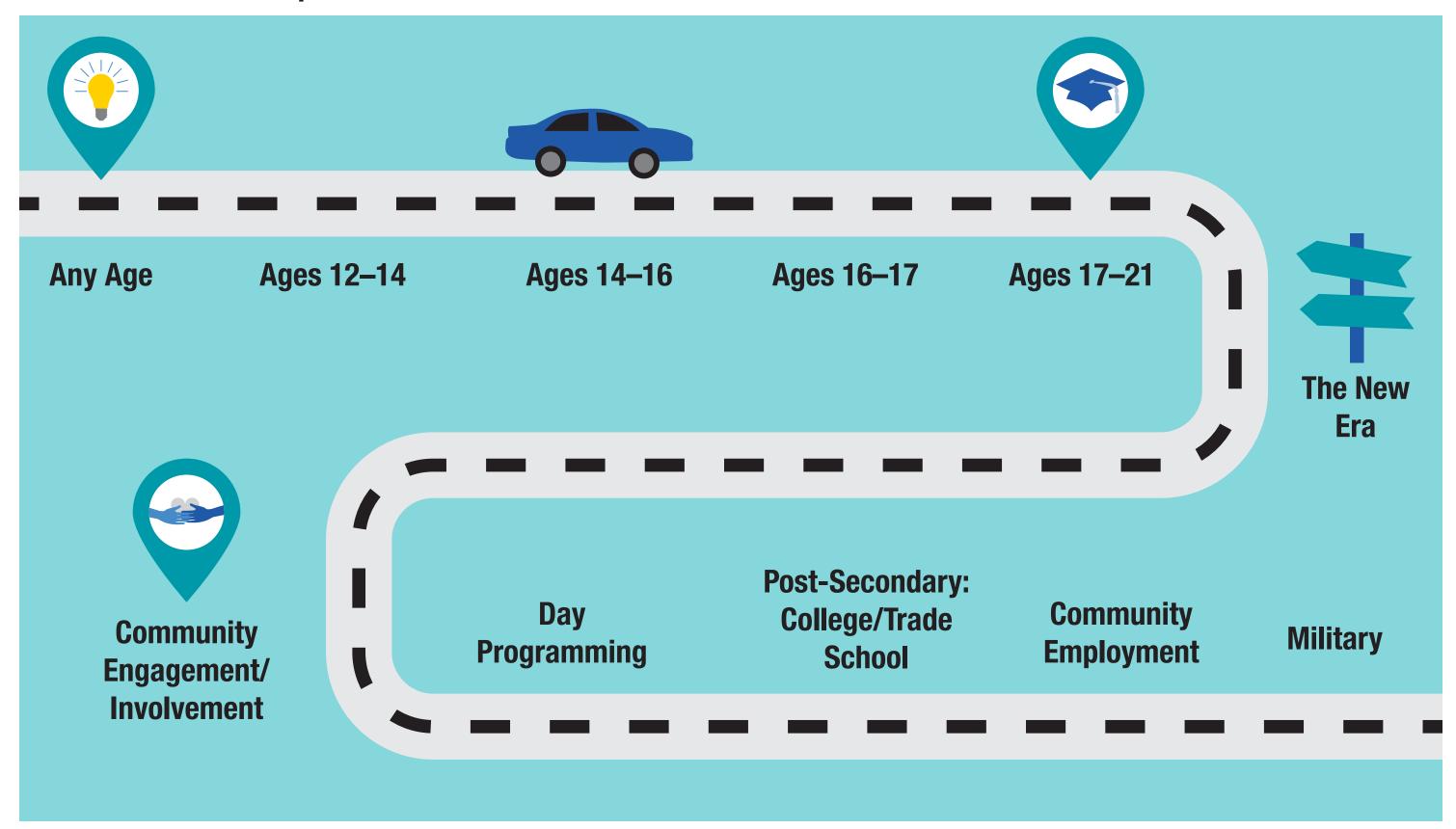


# Introduction

Children with autism spectrum disorder and other developmental disabilities sometimes hit milestones at different ages than children who are not affected by these conditions. This booklet serves as a guide to help you or your child transition through the different phases of life and into adulthood.



# **Transition Roadmap**





# At any age

- Apply to county board of Developmental Disabilities about services and benefits 1,2
- Apply for Social Security Benefits and Medicaid <sup>3</sup>
- Begin estate planning (Special Needs Trusts)
- Open STABLE account <sup>4</sup>
- Evaluate social skills, self-determination and self advocacy skills <sup>5,6</sup>



# Ages 12–14

- Begin developing the transition part of the Individualized Education Program (IEP) plan.
- Put together a multidisciplinary team for educational and social needs.
- Identify young person/individual's strengths, challenges, interests, preferences and postsecondary goals. <sup>6</sup>
- Set up support and activities based on student interest. 10, 11
- Consider sexual development and need for education.
- Work on improving comfort in medical settings by seeing pediatrician regularly.

<sup>\*</sup>Numbers next to bullets above and throughout this booklet refer to resources available on page 16.

## Ages 14-16

#### **School**

- Include adult service providers on the IEP team (such as Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities (OOD)).
- Explore backgrounds to see if the young person/individual can get new advanced activities and courses.
- Determine at what age the young person/individual might graduate (students can stay in school until the age of 22).
- Explore options within your home school district: career centers, work study, college credit classes, Project SEARCH, other special programs within the school district.

#### **Medical Care**

- Determine other behavioral health needs (counseling, behavior support, etc.)
- Evaluate young person/individual's ability to manage personal health care
- Consider sexual development and need for education, medical attention and possible birth control
- For example: gynecological visit



#### **Employment**

- Start Vocational Rehabilitation process
- Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities (OOD) can begin as early as age 16, depending on vocational need. It should begin no later than two years before leaving high school.
- Take part in community based work experiences, job shadowing and/or information sessions. <sup>14</sup>

#### **Transportation**

- Develop mobility/travel safety skills
  - -Learn to use public transportation (COTA) 12
  - Learn to use special transportation (COTA Mainstream, Lyft, Uber)
  - Get a driver's license
  - -Explore special needs driving programs as needed 13









# Ages 16–17

- Look into the need for guardianship and/or power of attorney. Paperwork can be filed close to the age of 18. <sup>17</sup>
- Identify responsibilities and privileges that the individual has at this age.
- Refine and reevaluate postsecondary goals. Start to identify appropriate future track.
- Make sure young person/individual has social security card, birth certificate, personal ID, Autism ID and insurance cards.

#### **Medical Care**

- Explore options for adult medical care
  - Primary care doctor
  - Mental health provider
- Review checklist for transitioning medical care



# Ages 17–21

- Confirm graduation/degree requirements and future implications.
- Evaluate financial literacy and goals.
- Prepare future goals and expectations.



#### **High School Diploma**

• This diploma is awarded to young people/individuals who have passed required courses and exams in a number of subjects. The diploma is generally accepted for admission everywhere: 2 and 4 year colleges as well as military and trade schools.

#### **General Education Development (GED) Diplomas**

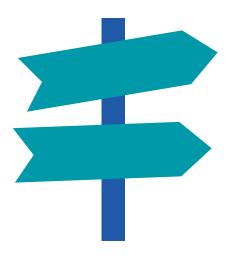
• This diploma is awarded to young people/individuals who have passed the GED exam. The GED is generally accepted by military, trade schools, and some junior/community colleges (sometimes need additional qualifications).

#### **IEP/Local Diplomas or Certificates of Completion**

• This diploma is awarded to young people/individuals who have reached the goals on their Individualized Education Programs. The IEP qualification is not recognized as a diploma by 2 and 4 year colleges, the majority of companies, or the military. It is not accepted for admission to any postsecondary degree program without other testing or certification.

## The New Era (Ages 18+)

- Complete guardianship/power of attorney paperwork. 17
- Understand legal rights.
- Set new priorities for future goal setting.
- Do a benefits analysis.
- Apply for Social Security Benefits and Medicaid (SSA considers only the individual's income and assets at the age of 18). <sup>3</sup>
- Register to vote. 18
- Males should register for the draft, no matter the level of functioning. <sup>25</sup>
- Review health insurance for continued coverage.
- Start to discuss independent living options. 10
- Assess capacity for independent living.
- Review travel safety skills and public transportation options. 12, 13
- Gather paperwork verifying disability and necessary accommodations to provide to adult service providers.
- Transition to adult health care (vs. medical) providers.



# Community Engagement/ Involvement



#### Recreation/Leisure

- Look into summer programs
- Connect with peer groups
- Connect with disability specific organizations (Best Buddies, Special Olympics, Next Chapter Book Club, etc.) 10, 11
- Seek out volunteer opportunities
- Select fitness activities and routines

#### **Transportation Needs**

- Decide on the best mode of transportation
- -Public transportation (COTA) 12
- Consider COTA mobility training
- Specialized transportation (COTA Mainstream, Lyft, Uber)
- Hire homemaker personal care services, if funding is available
- Secure medicaid transportation for health care appointments <sup>13</sup>
- Get a driver's license
- Explore special needs driving program as needed

# **Day Programming**

- Ensure funding is in place (i.e., typically requires a waiver)
- Tour different facilities
- Decide which facility is the right fit
- Have intake meeting with facility of choice
- Have paperwork for supports needed and coordinate a meeting with current providers and new providers
- Monitor goals and progress
- Check the interests of the young person/individual to decide what programs to sign them up for



# Postsecondary: College/Trade School

- Complete vocational assessments (can be found on Ohio Means Jobs website and other assessments) <sup>20</sup>
  - Understand differences between college and high school 21
- Evaluate need for special college programming (ACE, Marshall)
- Take standardized tests (ACT/SAT) 22, 23
- Write resume
- Help plan what courses the young person/individual needs to take to meet their education or trade goals
- Tour options
- Apply for college & training programs
- -Application
- Essay
- Obtain letters of reference as needed
- Think about where the young person/individual will live during school
- Think about transportation options
- Review adaptive/self care skills, communication/self advocacy, mental health, etc. in determining appropriate level of independence
- Explore financial aid options <sup>24</sup>
- Complete the FAFSA (form for federal aid to pay for school) <sup>24</sup>
- Apply for other scholarships
- Meet with Disability Services office at college selected to discuss accommodations needed (keep in mind colleges do NOT have IEPs)
- Have a copy of your most recent IEP and disability related documents

# **Community Employment**

- Ensure linkage with Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities (OOD) <sup>8</sup>
- Complete vocational assessments (can be found on Ohio Means Jobs website) 20
- Take part in community-based work experiences
- Take part in job shadowing and/or informational interviews
- Write a resume
- Practice social skills that will be used in the workplace
- Ensure work-related documents are available: social security card, birth certificate, personal ID
- Work with Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities (OOD) for the following services:
- Job development– Job coaching
- $\bullet$  Work with county board for employment-related services: transportation and long-term follow along  $^{1,\,2}$
- Review benefits

# **Military**

- Ensure you meet eligibility requirements <sup>19, 25</sup>
- Research the five branches (Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps and Navy)
- Research what you need to do to enlist and how to get ready
- Contact a recruiter
- Spend a day at the Military Entrance Processing Station (MEPS)
- Take the ASVAB (Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery) test
- Complete physical exam
- If you decide to enlist wait for orders for Basic Training

# Provided by Joseph Ordillas with help from the Center for Autism Spectrum Disorders at Nationwide Children's Hospital.

#### Resources

- 1. www.OACBDD.org
- 2. FCBDD.org
- 3. www.Benefits.ohio.gov
- 4. www.StableAccount.com
- 5. SDIPRDWB.ku.edu
- 6. www.OU.edu/Education Centers & Outreach, Zarrow Center for Learning Enrichment, Transition Resources, Assessments
- 7. www.NCWD-Youth.info
- 8. ood.ohio.gov
- 9. Nisonger.osu.edu Adolescent Services
- 10. www.BestBuddies.org
- 11. SOOH.org
- 12. www.COTA.com Riding COTA, Accessible Services
- 13. www.OhioMH.com Resources, Transportation Assistance
- 14. OhioEmploymentFirst.org —Transition Planning
- 15. www.OhioAATALibrary.org/
- 16. DDC.ohio.gov
- 17. Probate.FranklinCountyOhio.gov/Departments/Guardianship
- 18. www.Vote.org
- 19. www.SSS.gov
- 20. OhioMeansJobs.ohio.gov
- 21. WorkSupport.com
- 22. www.ACT.org
- 23. CollegeReadiness.CollegeBoard.org/SAT/
- 24. StudentAid.gov
- 25. www.USA.gov

Notes			

Not	es			



When your child needs a hospital, everything matters.